The Daily Gazetteer.

NUMB. 2495

TUESDAY, JUNE 21. 1743.

AS our Readers ſeem to have been very well pleas'd with the Specimen we gave of the learned Dr. *Cohauſens* Treatiſe of Preſerving long Life and Health, and as we are ſtill indebted to the Publick for the Continuation of that Extract which we promis'd, [illegible] with ſome Satisfaction we get out of Debt, by fulfilling what was undertaken.

A very learned Man propos'd to the Doctor *two* very ſtriking Queſtions, the *Firſt* was, Why *Solomon* was not the longeſt liv'd Man that ever exiſted, ſince, for ought we know, he had the moſt young Women about him? The *Second*, Why Turkiſh Emperors, who are always ſurrounded with young Women, are ſeldom ſo long liv'd as Chriſtian Princes? Theſe Queſtions ſeem to bear hard upon the Doctor's Hypotheſis, and yet the Anſwers he has given to them are ſolid and ſatisfactory. As to *Solomon*, ſays he, he had, it is true, 70 Wives, and 300 Concubines. But what of that, they were not within the Rules I have preſcribed; they were neither Chaſte themſelves, nor kept for chaſte Purpoſes; and their Preſence, by infuſing warm Deſires, muſt do more Hurt, than the Breath of their many virtuous Attendants could do Good. The Anſwer to the ſecond Queſtion is ſtill eaſier; for the Reaſon of the ſudden Deaths of theſe Aſiatic Monarchs is commonly becauſe they are violent; the Dagger, Sword, or Poiſon, takes off moſt of them, and therefore this does not at all weaken our Author's Syſtem.

But the Doctor, not content with theſe clear and conſiſtent Anſwers, proceeds yet farther, and reſuming the Thread of his former Phyſical Reaſoning, goes on thus. Every Body knows that the human Body is full of Pores, and that from thoſe Pores, which are conſtantly open, flows certain Portions of attenuated and broken Blook, ſo minute, as to eſcape our Inſpection, and therefore ſtyled Inſenſible Perſpiration; of which *Sanctorius*, who was the beſt, becauſe the moſt inquiſitive Judge of Things of this Kind, pronounces poſitively, That in Weight they exceed all the ſenſible Evacuations taken together. He next obſerves, that all the Particles flowing from theſe Pores participate of the Bodies from which they flow; or, to ſpeak more clearly, are of their Nature; that is to ſay, Venomous and Infectious, if they come from diſeaſed Bodies; and extremely Pure and Volatile, if tranſmitted from ſuch as are Sound. From theſe Principles he proceeds to a *Third*, viz. That the human Body is very much affected by what paſſes into it by theſe open Pores, or Sieve-like Paſſages, as he ſays, is demonſtrable by the Operation of external Medicines, eſpecially Bliſters, and healing Plaiſters; the contrary Operations of which equally demonſtrate the Truth of this Poſition.

Theſe Principles being made manifeſt, the Doctor next obſerves, that the human Body is a Pneumatic, Hydraulic Machine, compos'd of Fluids and Solids; and that good Health conſiſts, and conſequently a good Conſtitution is deriv'd from the conſtant and uniform Motion of the latter, and the regular Circulation of the former; and that the Circulation of the Liquids depends again intirely on the Solids being in perfect Order. That the Fluids of a human Body being daily repaired and renewed by our Aliments, may circulate a long time, perhaps more than an Age; but that as their Motion muſt be neceſſarily diminiſhed by little and little, through the Solids loſing their proper Tone, which hardning by degrees, and growing at laſt abſolutely bony, firſt retard, and then put an End to the Circulation. What the Doctor collects from all this, amounts to thus much: That if by any Means a Method could be found out to preſerve to the Solids that Softneſs and Flexibility in which their juſt Tone and abſolute Perfection conſiſts, this would effectually retard Old Age, and prolong Life. This Truth, ſays he, the Ancients knew perfectly well, and therefore the Method they took to avoid Old Age was juſt and rational; for they made frequent Uſe of Frictions, Baths, and Unctions.

Our *Hermippus*, however, arrived at what they propoſed by Means infinitely more ſhort, more certain, and more pleaſant, viz. by imbibing, thro' the abſorbing Pores of the Skin, the ſalubrious Tranſpirations of the young Virgins amongſt whom he liv'd, the warm, freſh, and unctuous Particles flowing from them, and entering into him, refreſh'd, ſoften'd, and kept in order, his Solids. At the ſame time the Operation of their Breaths, conſpiring with this other Mode, contributed ſo highly to his Health, that he could not be ſo properly ſaid to draw in Air as Life.

After laying down theſe Reaſons, the Doctor has Recourſe again to Experiments. Let an old Woman, ſays he, marry a young Husband, ſhe immediately becomes freſh and luſty, by imbibing the warm and moiſt Effluvia from his Pores and Lungs; whereas the unhappy Man ſoon falls into a very low and languiſhing Condition, and is at laſt, very probably, carried off by a Hectick. *Peter Lotichius* gives us an extraordinary Inſtance of the Reverſe of this Propoſition. He ſays, he knew an old Man, upwards of Eighty, who married a very young Wife. After living together ſomewhat more than a Year, he fell into a grievous Diſeaſe, and ſeemed to be at the Point of Death; but this was only the Criſis of his Diſtemper. As he recovered, the Hair of his Head and Beard fell off, and his Skin began to peel; inſtead of his weak grey Locks, there came a fine ſtrong flaxen Hair both on his Head and Chin; his Wrinkles wore out, and a freſh, plump, Roſy-colour'd Skin ſucceeded; neither was this an outward Appearance of Youth only, but there was an Inward, and to all Intents and Purpoſes, a perfect Change, as appear'd by his living ſeveral Years after in perfect Health, and having, by his young Wife, ſeveral fine Children. He cites alſo the Caſe of *Thomas Parr*, who had likewiſe a young Wife when he was very old. Then he makes ſome Reflections on the common Method of curing, or, at leaſt, palliating Conſumptions, by giving the Patient Breaſt Milk; ſo that, on the whole, he concludes, that if there be any Method of parrying Death, and keeping Old Age at a Diſtance, it muſt be this of converſing much with young Women.

IRELAND.

Dublin, June 14. We have received the following Particulars relating to the Ship run on ſhore by a Spaniſh Privateer (mentioned in the Gazetteer of the 14th Inſtant) viz. the Ship's Name is the Henry Gally, 275 Tons, 14 Carriage Guns, 30 Men, Henry Jeffrey Commander, loaden with India Goods and Linen, bound to Jamaica, valuo 42,000 Pounds. Wedneſday May 25, we ſaw a Sail in the Lat. 50: 1. and Long. 11: 9. W. to Windward of us, who hoiſted Engliſh Colours, but when we came a little nearer ſhe hoiſted Spaniſh Colours and fired a Gun to the Windward. We engaged for three Hours Broadſide to Broadſide, and then the Privateer ſheered off, but when ſhe found we continued our Courſe ſhe tacked about and chaſed us into the Bay of Vintrey where we run the Ship aſhore and engaged her for 48 Hours in that Place. She is about 120 Tons, and we ſuppoſed her to have 16 Carriage Guns and about 200 Men.

Extract of a letter from Lisburn, *dated* June 8.

'The Fever and Cough continue to rage all the 'Country over, there being often ten or eleven in one 'Houſe down at a Time: Neither Poor nor Rich eſcape 'it. On Friday the 3d Inſtant died the Rev. Mr. Veſey 'Hamilton, Curate of Drumbegg in the County of 'Down. On Sunday the fifth Inſtant died Mrs. Cramer, 'Wife of Ambroſe Cramer, Eſq; Collector of this 'Town.

'The Rates of our Markets are as follows, viz. Wheat 'from 3s. to 3s. 8d. per Hundred, Oatmeal 8d. per 'Score, Barley at what Price the Malt-men pleaſes to 'give, Butter (20 Ounces to the Pound) 2d. Halfpeny, 'Cheeſe three Halfpence, beſt Beef and Mutton 7 Far-'things, and Veal (24 Pounds in a Quarter) three Half-'pence per Pound; Eggs 10 a Penny: Every Thing is 'ſo extraordinary cheap, our Tradeſmen do hardly care 'to work; our Twelvepenny Loaf weighs Twenty-'three Pounds.'

COUNTRY NEWS.

Briſtol, June 18. On Sunday the Spaniſh Priſoners were convey'd from Knowle to Wapping, under a ſtrong Guard of Soldiers, link'd together, and ſent down in a Sloop, in order to be put on board the Mahone Man of War, who, with her Prize, are ordered round to Plymouth.

HOME PORTS.

Dublin, June 14. Arrived the Satisfaction, Bimmer, from Preſton for Oporto. Sailed the Antigua Packet-boat, Oliver, for Antigua; and the St. Peter, Pillet, of and for Bourdeaux.

Lynn-Regis, June 13. Arrived the Hampſhire, Jolliff, from Lisbon; the Richard and Francis, Dickſon, from Rotterdam; and the Providence, Clark, from Stockholm. Sailed the John and Mary, Phillips, and the Charming Betſey, Noakes, both for Rotterdam.

Wells, June 15. Arrived the Life, Vardill, from Frederickſtadt; and the Samuel, Long, from Rotterdam. Sailed the Robert and Ann, Everit, and the Submiſſion, Oxenborow, both for Rotterdam.

Dermouth, June 15. Arrived the Lyon, Taylor, the May, Palmer, and the Benjamin and Ann, Sayers, all three from Rotterdam; the Dolphin, Swetland, from Oporto; the Samuel and Sarah, Clifton, from Norway; the Betty, French, the John and Elizabeth, Sly, and the Mary and Deborah, Durrant, all three from Rotterdam. Sailed the James and John, Sherriff, for Rotterdam; and the Happy Return, Whorlton, for Copenhagen.

'Mr. Robert Smith, one of the Tide-Surveyors of the 'Cuſtoms, died here this Day.

Plymouth, June 17. Since my laſt ſailed his Majeſty's Ships the Jerſey and Hampſhire on a Cruize.

Dartmouth, June 17. Wind S. W. Came in the James, Ball, from London for Antigua.

Pool, June 18. Came in the Endeavour, Henning, the Sarah, Rolls, the Thompſon, Thompſon, the Prince George, Stainſmore, all from Newcaſtle; the John and Mary, Rogers, from London; and the Joſeph and Amey, Wheeler, from Lisbon.

Gowes, June 18. Wind W. Came in the Loyal Judith, Cowie, and the Charlotte, Maſon, from Rotterdam, with 600 Palatines for Philadelphia.

Southampton, June 18. Wind S. W. Since my laſt arrived the Carolina, Woods, from Rotterdam. Sailed the Norway Bear, Shaverine, for Frederickſhall; and the Elizabeth, Adams, for Guernſey.

Dover, June 18. Wind S. W. Arrived the Leghorn Galley, Ellis, from Boſton; the John and Mary, Hubbart, from Montſerrat; and the Lark, Fiſher, from Havre-degrace for Riga.

Deal, June 19. Wind W. This Morning ſailed his Majeſty's Ship the Greyhound, for the Weſtward. Remain in the Downs, the Shrewsbury, Terror, and Grenado Bombs; the Dutch Ship for Eaſt-India; the Matilda, Wild, for Gibraltar; the Eagle, Young, for Dublin. Came down the Dolphin Man of War; the Britannia, Moncur, for St. Kitts; the Italian Merchant, Perryman, for Genoa; and the Suſanna, Bradſhaw, for Oporto.

Graveſend, June 18. Paſſed by the Robert, Sooley, from Norway; the Pretty Betſey, Burchley, from Jamaica; and the Ruſſell, Morecraft, from Montſerrat.

Arrived

At New-York, the Britannia, Griffiths, and the London, Bryant, both from London.

At Antigua, the Peggy and Jenny, Long, from London.

At Philadelphia, the Mercury, Hargrave, from London.

At Barbados, the Corker, ——, from Africa, who writes, 'That beſides the Ships in the Papers on Satur-'turday, there are Six or Seven others, whoſe Names 'could not learn, taken on the Coaſt of Africa; and ſays, 'that the Spaniards were proceeding to Leeward, and 'twas thought they deſigned for the Bite.'

LONDON.

They write from Montſerrat of May 8, That Two Privateers belonging to St. Kitts, have taken near La Guerra, a Spaniſh Ship of 400 Tons, loaden with Cocoa, Hides and Tallow, and ſome Money.

Laſt Sunday Night died, at his Houſe at Knightſbridge, Charles Brexton, Eſq; Chief Cook to his Majeſty.

We hear he will be ſucceeded by Charles Arnand, Eſq; now abroad with his Majeſty.

Yeſterday his Grace the Duke of Dorſet, the Right Hon. the Marquis of Tweedale, and the Right Hon. the Earl of Ila, took the Oaths in the Court of Chancery, to qualify themſelves as Lords of the Regency.

On Thurſday next begins the General Quarter Seſſions of the Peace for the City and Liberty of Weſtminſter; next Monday at Hicks's Hall, and the Thurſday following at the Old Bailey.

They write from Berlin by the laſt Poſt, that his Pruſſian Majeſty has order'd 500,000 Crowns to be remitted over, to pay off a certain Number of Bonds of the late Emperor's Loan of Seven per Cent.

On Sunday four Deſertes taken in Lancaſhire, three of whom are Scotch Highlanders, were brought to the Savoy.

On Saturday died Mr. Marſhal, a wealthy Weaver in Hand Alley without Biſhopſgate.

High Water this Day at London-Bridge.	Morning	10	26	Evening	10 54

Bank Stock, 148 to 1-4th. India, 194 to [illegible] South Sea, 114 3-4ths to 115. Old Annuity, 115 to

New ditto, Books ſhut. Three per Cent. Annuities, Books ſhut. Ditto 1743, 103 1-8th. Seven per Cent. Loan, 119 3-4ths to 120. Five per Cent. ditto, 78 1-half. Royal Aſſurance, 83. London Aſſurance, 11 7-8ths. India Bonds, 4 l. 7 s. to 8 s. Premium. Bank Circulation, 5 l. 10 s. Prem. Sait Tallies, 103. Three 1-half per Cent. Exchequer Orders, 105. Three per Cent. ditto, 99 1-half. Million Bank, 118. Equivalent, 111. Lottery Tickets, 11 l. 13 s. 6 d.

Admiralty-Office, June 20, 1743.

THE *Company of his Majeſty's Ship the* Chatham *being ordered to be forthwith paid a conſiderable Part of the Wages due to them at the Nore, and the Ship being on the Point of proceeding to Sea; it is the Direction of the Lords Commiſſioners of the Admiralty, That ſuch of the Men belonging to her, as are abſent, do repair immediately to their Duty on board, upon Pain not only of loſing the ſaid Payment, but of being apprehended and try'd at a Court Martial as Deſerters.*

Thomas Corbett.

East-India Houſe, May 27, 1743.

THE *Court of Directors of the* United Company of Merchants of England trading to the Eaſt-Indies, *Do hereby give Notice. That a Quarterly General Court of the ſaid Company will be holden at their Houſe in Leadenhall-ſtreet, on Wedneſday the 22d of June next, Upon Special Affairs.*

That their Tranſfer Books will be ſhut up on Thurſday 23d of ſaid June, at Two o'Clock; and open'd again the 21ſt of July next.

And that the Dividend Warrants due at Midſummer next, will be ready to be delivered out on Friday the 29th of the ſaid July.

This Day is Publiſhed,

NUMBER 468, *(from* January 20 *to* February 3, 1742-3.) *of*

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S

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No Family ought to be without it, nor ever will, after they have had but one Day's Experience of its admirable Efficacy.

It is to be had only, by the Author's Apointment, at the Gentlewoman's at the Two Blue Poſts in Haydon-Yard in the Minories, London, at 3 s. 6 d. a Bottle, with printed Directions.

Concerning Gleets *and* Seminal Weakneſſes *of all Kinds.*

ALL judicious Phyſicians and Surgeons allow, that nothing is more difficult to cure than Stubborn Gleets and Seminal Weakneſſes, whether conſion'd by too ſevere purging for Venereal Injuries, violent Strains, Pollutio ſui, or any other Cauſe whatever; and that they are dangerous in their Conſequences, as well as difficult to cure, is as certain, ſince they exceedingly weaken the Generative Faculties, infeeble the whole Nervous Syſtem, often bring on Hectick Heats, a Tabes Dorſalis, or Conſumption of the Back, or an Atrophy or Nervous Conſumption, which frequently terminate in Death itſelf.

All ſuch, therefore, who have the Misfortune to be troubled with Old or Stubborn Gleets, Seminal Effuſions, Involuntary Emiſſions, exceſſive Nocturnal Pollutions, or any Weakneſs of the Kidneys, Ureters, or Bladder, the Diabetis, or Incontinency of Urine, or Difficulty of holding their Water, would doubtleſs be glad to meet with a certain, ſafe, and ſpeedy Cure, which they moſt aſſuredly may, by taking only a ſmall Quantity of a tranſcendent BALSAMICK RESTRICTIVE ELECTUARY, now publiſhed for a general Good, after having for many Years been experienc'd never once to fail perfectly curing the moſt Stubborn Gleets known, in a few Days, without Difficulty or Trouble; as alſo all other Weakneſſes of the Back, Reins, Seminal Veſſels, and Urinary Paſſages, whichit almoſt inſtantly cures, bringing to rights and reſtoring all thoſe Parts and Paſſages to their natural Tone and priſtine Vigour, in a very extraordinary Manner, and by taking a few Doſes of it only.

This tranſcendent BALSAMICK RESTRICTIVE ELECTUARY is neither diſagreeable to take, nor occaſions the leaſt Diſorder, but is a wonderful Reſtorative in all Weakneſs and Decay of Conſtitution of any Kind, and particularly ſtrengthens the Back, Reins, Seminal and Urinary Veſſels to an immenſe Degree, inſomuch that in any Debility of them, one Doſe of it does more than ten of any other Remedy yet found out; and all Perſons fatigu'd with Gleets or Seminal Weakneſſes of any Sort, or Weakneſſes of the Urinary Veſſels, who take it, will in three Days time find it ſo very effectual, that they will be moſt agreeably ſurpriſed at it.

When a Medicine will infallibly accompliſh ſuch a ſafe, ſpeedy and perfect Cure of ſuch difficult Maladies, as Gleets and Seminal Weakneſſes are, as this Great Remedy truly and directly will, even after all other Means and Medicines have been tried in vain; too much cannot be ſaid in it, and more. All who ever took it for any of the above-mention'd Purpoſes, have readily declared.

The Price is but 6 s. a Pot, altho' for its abſolute Efficacy one Pot alone being ſufficient in moſt Caſes to accompliſh a Cure, worth ten times as much, and by the Author's ſpecial Appointment, is to be had only at Mr. Radford's Toy-ſhop, at the Roſe and Crown againſt St. Clement's Church-Yard in the Strand, ready ſealed up, with a Book of Inſtructions, which whomſoever carefully reads will perfectly know, when the Gleet or Weakneſs he is afflicted with ſucceeds a Venereal Injury, whether all the Malignity of the Foul Diſeaſe is intirely eradicated or not.

☞Note, Ask only for a 6 s. Pot of Balſamick Electuary.

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